

**THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

Civil Action No. 04 12389 MLW

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Louis M. Gerson Company., Inc.,	)
	)
Plaintiff	)
	)
v	)
	)
3M Company,	)
	)
Defendant	)
	)

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**Motion to Supplement the Amended Complaint  
and to Add a Necessary Party**

1. Pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 15 and 19, Plaintiff, Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc., (the “Gerson Company”) moves to supplement its Amended Complaint with the official patent number of one of the United States patents in dispute and by addition of a necessary party Defendant, 3M Innovative Properties Company, a company related to the Defendant, 3M Company (“3M”), and the assignee of some of the patents in dispute. A copy of the proposed Supplemental Complaint is attached at Tab A.
2. The Gerson Company states that it filed an Amended Complaint at 10:45am on November 23, 2004, seeking a Declaratory Judgment with respect to the validity, enforceability, and alleged infringement of 3M’s “patents related to paint systems”. *See* paragraphs 5, 6 in the Amended Complaint, copy attached at Tab B. Some of the patents in dispute are listed in the Amended Complaint by formal US patent numbers.
3. Among the 3M patents in dispute because it is related to paint systems is US 6,820,824, formally issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office at 12:01am on November 23, 2004, some ten hours before the Amended Complaint was filed. At the time of filing, the Gerson Company was not yet aware of the number of this patent. The Motion to Supplement seeks to formally identify the ‘824 patent as one of the patents related to paint systems in dispute under

the Amended Complaint. The purpose of the Motion is to more clearly identify the patents in dispute in this lawsuit.

4 This Motion seeks also to add 3M Innovative Properties Company ("3M IP") as a necessary party because it is the owner by assignment of some of the patents in dispute. On information and belief, the Defendant, 3M, is owner of the remaining patents in dispute and is the exclusive licensee of the patents owned by 3M IP. The Gerson Company cannot obtain complete relief by Declaratory Judgment if that judgment is not asserted and obtained against both the licensee and owners of the patents in dispute. Consequently, 3M IP is a necessary party Defendant to be joined under Rule 19(a)(1).

**THEREFORE**, for the reasons stated, the Gerson Company requests prompt allowance of this Motion to Amend.

Respectfully submitted,  
**LOUIS M. GERSON COMPANY, INC.**  
 By its attorneys,

/s/ Robert L. Kann  
 Robert L. Kann (BBO # 258025)  
 Edward J. Dailey (BBO #112220)  
 Robert M. Asher (BBO # 022865)  
 BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP  
 125 Summer Street  
 Boston, Massachusetts 02110-1618  
 (617) 443-9292  
 (617) 443 0004 (fax)  
 Dated: 12.07.04

**Local Rule 7.1 Certification**

I certify that counsel have conferred about this Motion but have been unable to agree to narrow or resolve the issues raised in the Motion.

/s/ Robert L. Kann  
 Robert L. Kann

**Certificate of Service**

I certify that a copy of this pleading has been forwarded to Frank E. Scherkenbach, Esq., FISH & RICHARDSON PC, 225 Franklin Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02110 by pdf and by USPS First Class Mail.

/s/ Edward J. Dailey  
 Edward J. Dailey

02633/00514 349551.1

Tab "A"

**THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

Civil Action No. 04 12389 MLW

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Louis M. Gerson Company., Inc.,	)	Supplemental Complaint and Demand for Jury Trial
	)	
Plaintiff	)	
	)	
v	)	
	)	
3M Company and 3M Innovative Products Company,	)	
	)	
Defendants	)	
	)	

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Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc., for its Supplement to the Amended Complaint herein complains and seeks relief as follows:

**NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. Plaintiff seeks declaratory relief for the Defendants' erroneous charges of patent infringement. The action arises under the laws of the United States, specifically the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 et seq.

**THE PARTIES**

2. Plaintiff, Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc. (the "Gerson Company") is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and has its principal place of business at 15 Sproat Street, Middleboro, Massachusetts. 02346.

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant, 3M Company ("3M"), is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and has its principal place of business at 3M Center, St. Paul, Minnesota 55144. 3 M is the owner by assignment or licensee of the patents in dispute.

4. Upon information and belief, Defendant, 3M Innovative Products Company ("3M IP"), is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and has its principal place of business at 3M Center, St. Paul, Minnesota 55144. 3 M IP is the owner by assignment of some of the patents in dispute.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

5. This Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this case under the Declaratory Judgment Act, Title 28 of the United States Code, Sections 2201 and 2202, and under the laws of the United States concerning actions relating to patents, Title 28 of the United States Code, Section 1338 (a). This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendants pursuant to Title 35 of the United States Code, Section 293. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 and 35 U.S.C. § 293.

#### ACTS FOR WHICH DECLARATORY RELIEF IS NECESSARY

6. 3M has asserted that paint system products manufactured, offered for sale and/or sold by the Gerson Company infringe 3M and 3M IP's patents (hereafter the "3M Patents").

7. Defendants 3M and 3M IP claim to be the owners or licensees of patents relating to paint systems including United States Patent Nos. 6,752,179; 6,488,058; 6,595,441; 4,971,251; 6,588,681; 4,936,511; 6,663,018; 6,796,514; 6,354,346; 5,425,404; 6,367,521; 6,450,214; 6,223,791; 5,954,273; 5,826,795, and 6,820,824.

8. There exists a real and actual justiciable controversy between the Gerson Company and 3M and 3M IP concerning the validity, enforceability and alleged infringement of the 3M Patents.

9. Plaintiff alleges, upon information and belief, that the 3M Patents are invalid, unenforceable, void and not infringed by the Plaintiff for one or more of the following reasons:

- (a) The Gerson Company has not infringed nor is it infringing any valid claim of the 3M Patents.
- (b) By reason of proceedings in the Patent and Trademark Office during the prosecution of the application which resulted in the issuance of the 3M Patents, as shown by the prosecution histories of said patents and by the contents thereof, the Defendants are estopped from claiming for said patents a construction that would cause said patents to cover or include any apparatus or product manufactured, used or sold by Plaintiff.
- (c) The alleged inventions were made by another in this country before the patentee's alleged inventions, and such other person has not abandoned, suppressed or concealed it.
- (d) The 3M Patents are invalid for failure to comply with the requirements of Part II of Title 35 of the United States Code as a condition of patentability.
- (e) The 3M Patents are invalid for failure to comply with the requirements of Title 35 of the United States Code, Section 112, including, but not limited to: the specification does not contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and the description does not adequately explain the best mode contemplated by the patentee so as to distinguish it from other inventions, as required by Title 35 of the United States Code; and/or the claims, and each of them, of the patent are excessively vague and indefinite and do not distinctly point out and define the invention.

(f) The claims of the 3M Patents and each of them, are not directed to patentable combinations, but are directed to mere aggregations of parts, steps, means or elements which were matters of common knowledge in the art to which said patent relates before the alleged invention and more than one year prior to the date of the application for the patent.

(g) In light of the prior art, at the time the allowed inventions of the 3M Patents were made, the subject matter as claimed in the 3M Patents would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art to which the alleged invention relates and does not constitute a patentable invention.

(h) Any claims of the 3M Patents which may be held to be valid are so restricted in scope that plaintiff has not infringed said claims.

(i) More than one year prior to the filing of the original applications which matured into 3M Patents, the alleged inventions were patented or described in printed publications in this country or in foreign countries, or were in public use or on sale in this country.

(j) Defendants, with knowledge of the activities of Plaintiff, has failed to assert its patents for an unreasonable period of time, during which time Plaintiff prepared its products for sale which Defendants charge infringe the 3M Patents, and during which time Plaintiff invested time and money in building its business and goodwill, and Defendant is now guilty of laches and cannot maintain any cause of action against plaintiff under said patents.

**WHEREFORE**, the Gerson company prays that:

1. This court declare that Plaintiff has not infringed and is not infringing the 3M Patents because of the making, offering to sell, selling or using of any products made, offered for sale, sold or used by Plaintiff.
2. This court declare that the 3M Patents are invalid, unenforceable and void in law.
3. This court declare that Plaintiff shall recover its costs and attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 285.
4. This court grant, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 2202, such other and further relief based on said declaratory judgment as may be necessary, just and proper.

**JURY DEMAND**

The Gerson Company demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Respectfully submitted,

LOUIS M. GERSON COMPANY, INC.  
By its attorneys,

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Robert L. Kann (BBO # 258025)  
Edward J. Dailey (BBO #112220)  
Robert M. Asher (BBO # 022865)  
BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP  
125 Summer Street  
Boston, Massachusetts 02110-1618  
(617) 443-9292  
(617) 443 0004 (fax)  
Dated:

Tab "B"

FILED  
IN CLERKS OFFICEUNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

2004 NOV 23 A.D.H.

**COPY**U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MASS.

Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc.	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	Civil Action No. 04-12389 MLW
	)	
3M Company	)	
	)	
Defendant.	)	
	)	

AMENDED COMPLAINTAND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc., for its amended complaint herein complains and seeks relief as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiff seeks declaratory relief for defendant's erroneous charges of patent infringement. The action arises under the laws of the United States, specifically the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 et seq.

THE PARTIES

2. Plaintiff, Louis M. Gerson Company, Inc. ("Gerson") is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware and has its principal place of business at 15 Sproat Street, Middleboro, MA. 02346.

3. Upon information and belief, defendant, 3M Company ("3M"), is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and has its principal place of business at 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of this case under the Declaratory Judgment Act, Title 28 of the United States Code, Sections 2201 and 2202, and under the laws of the United States concerning actions relating to patents, Title 28 of the United States Code, Section 1338 (a). This Court has personal jurisdiction over defendant pursuant to Title 35 of the United States Code, Section 293. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 and 35 U.S.C. § 293.

ACTS FOR WHICH DECLARATORY RELIEF IS NECESSARY

5. Defendant, 3M, has asserted that paint system products manufactured, offered for sale and/or sold by plaintiff Gerson infringe 3M's patents (hereafter the "3M Patents").

6. Defendant, 3M, claims to be the owner of patents relating to paint systems including United States Patent Nos. 6,752,179; 6,488,058; 6,595,441; 4,971,251; 6,588,681; 4,936,511; 6,663,018; 6,796,514; 6,354,346; 5,425,404; 6,367,521; 6,450,214; 6,223,791; 5,954,273; and 5,826,795.

7. There exists a real and actual justiciable controversy between Gerson and 3M concerning the validity, enforceability and alleged infringement of the 3M Patents.

8. Plaintiff, Gerson, alleges, upon information and belief, that the 3M Patents are invalid, unenforceable, void and not infringed by plaintiff for one or more of the following reasons:

- (a) Gerson has not infringed nor is it infringing any valid claim of the 3M Patents.
- (b) By reason of proceedings in the Patent and Trademark Office during the prosecution of the application which resulted in the issuance of the 3M Patents, as shown by the prosecution histories of said patents and by the contents thereof, defendant is estopped from claiming for said patents a construction that would cause said patents to cover or include any apparatus or product manufactured, used or sold by plaintiff.

- (c) The alleged inventions were made by another in this country before the patentee's alleged inventions, and such other person has not abandoned, suppressed or concealed it.
- (d) The 3M Patents are invalid for failure to comply with the requirements of Part II of Title 35 of the United States Code as a condition of patentability.
- (e) The 3M Patents are invalid for failure to comply with the requirements of Title 35 of the United States Code, Section 112, including, but not limited to: the specification does not contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and the description does not adequately explain the best mode contemplated by the patentee so as to distinguish it from other inventions, as required by Title 35 of the United States Code; and/or the claims, and each of them, of the patent are excessively vague and indefinite and do not distinctly point out and define the invention.
- (f) The claims of the 3M Patents and each of them, are not directed to patentable combinations, but are directed to mere aggregations of parts, steps, means or elements which were matters of common knowledge in the art to which said patent relates before the alleged invention and more than one year prior to the date of the application for the patent.
- (g) In light of the prior art, at the time the allowed inventions of the 3M Patents were made, the subject matter as claimed in the 3M Patents would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art to which the alleged invention relates and does not constitute a patentable invention.
- (h) Any claims of the 3M Patents which may be held to be valid are so restricted in scope that plaintiff has not infringed said claims.

(i) More than one year prior to the filing of the original applications which matured into 3M Patents, the alleged inventions were patented or described in printed publications in this country or in foreign countries, or were in public use or on sale in this country.

(j) Defendant, with knowledge of the activities of plaintiff, has failed to assert its patents for an unreasonable period of time, during which time plaintiff prepared its products for sale which defendant charges infringe the 3M Patents, and during which time plaintiff invested time and money in building its business and goodwill, and defendant is now guilty of laches and cannot maintain any cause of action against plaintiff under said patents.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Gerson prays that:

1. This Court declare that plaintiff Gerson has not infringed and is not infringing the 3M Patents because of the making, offering to sell, selling or using of any products made, offered for sale, sold or used by plaintiff.

2. This Court declare that the 3M Patents are invalid, unenforceable and void in law.

3. This Court declare that Gerson recover its costs and attorney's fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. Section 285.

4. This Court grant, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 2202, such other and further relief based on said declaratory judgment as may be necessary, just and proper.

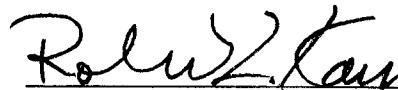
Dated: November 23, 2004

**JURY DEMAND**

Gerson demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: November 23, 2004

Respectfully submitted,  
LOUIS M. GERSON COMPANY, INC.  
By its attorneys,



Robert L. Kann (BBO # 258025)  
BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP  
125 Summer Street  
Boston, MA 02110-1618  
(617) 443-9292

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served by the methods indicated below on November 23, 2004, addressed as follows:

By Electronic Mail and U.S. Mail, First Class:

Frank E. Scherkenbach, Esq.  
Fish & Richardson  
225 Franklin Street  
Boston, Massachusetts 02110



Robert L. Kann

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